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(NOT PREFERRED)

# **2020 CERTIFICATION**

Consun	ner Confidence Report (CCR)	
10wn OF	Glas Tak	1
	Public Water System Name	
	003003	
List PWS ID #s for all. The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires	Community Water Systems included in	this CCR
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires e Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Dep the customers, published in a newspaper of local circula procedures when distributing the CCR.	each Community Public Water System ( ending on the population served by the F tion, or provided to the customers upor	PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to request. Make sure you follow the property
CCR DISTRI	RUTION (Chook all I	y-1 lonow the proper
Attach copy of pul	dication water bill "	
Attach copy of adverti	sement)	DATE ISSUED
□ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)		May 20, 2021
□ Email message (Email the message to the address to	Delow)	
□ Other		
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publicat	ion water bill or other	
□ Distributed via U. S. Postal Mail	or, water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Distributed via E-Mail as a URL (Provide Direct URL):		
□ Distributed via E-Mail as an attachment		
□ Distributed via E-Mail as text within the body of email	maa	
□ Published in local newspaper (attach copy of publishe	llessage	
□ Posted in public places (attach list of locations)	d CCR or proof of publication)	
□ Posted online at the following address (Provide Direct UR		
Provide Direct UR	<u>-):</u>	
I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the and correct and is consistent with the water quality months.  Water Supply  Name	CERTIFICATION  e customers of this public water system of SDWA. I further certify that the infittering data provided to the PWS officers.  Title	em in the form and manner identified formation included in this CCR is true cials by the MSDH, Bureau of Public
SUBMISSION OP	TIONS (Colort	Date
or and or and it is the preferred), or	mail a copy of the CCP and Cover	
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply	Email: water.reports@msdf	n.ms.gov
P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215	Fax: (601) 576-7800	(NOT PREFERRED)

Jackson, MS 39215

## 2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of Gloster PWS#: 0030003 May 2021

2021 MAY 13 AM & 11

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from three wells drawing from the Miocene Series Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Town of Gloster have received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Gary Sterling at 601.657.0478. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of each month at 5:30 PM at the Gloster Town Hall.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2020. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2020, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

				TEST R	ESULT	ΓS		
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorgani	c Contai	minants						
<b>Inorgani</b> 10. Barium	c Contai	ninants	.0382	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natura deposits

17. Lead	N	2017/19*	0	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2020	.61	No Range	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019*	3900	No Range	PPB	0	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfecti				No Range	РРВ	0	0	
Disiniecu	on by	-Frouuci	3					
Chlorine	N	2020	1.3	1.2 – 1.4	mg/l	0	MDRL =	Water additive used to control microbes

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2020

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Town of Gloster works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

#### PROOF OF PUBLICATION

#### STATE OF MISSISSIPPI

**COUNTY OF AMITE** 

PERSONALLY CAME before me, the undersigned, a notary public in and for the state aforesaid, the

nual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of Gloster PWS#: 0030003

May 2021

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of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow

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rresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000. ds to one in minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

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MCLG	MCL	Likely source of Contamination
2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
		rennenca, croaton of fidulat deposits
1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natrual deposits; leaching from wood preservatives

undersigned agent of THE SOUTHERN HERALD, a newspaper published in the Town of Liberty, Amite County, Mississippi, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that THE SOUTHERN HERALD is a newspaper as defined and prescribed in Section 13-3-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, and that the publication of

### 202 ANNUAL DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT TOWN OF GLOSTER PWS#: 0030003 MAY 2021

which the annexed is a copy, has been made in said aper1 times consecutively, to-wit:
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